Appln. No. 10/724,347

Amendment dated July 25, 2005

Reply to Office Action of March 23, 2005

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:** 

Claims 1-14 (canceled)

Claim 15 (new): A method for suppressing interference in an electrical signal, the method

comprising the steps of:

sampling the electrical signal at a first sampling frequency to obtain a first

sequence of samples;

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identifying some of the samples in the first sequence of samples on the basis

of predetermined criteria; and

downsampling at least the identified samples of said first sequence to obtain a

second sequence of samples from the identified samples of said first sequence, the second

sequence of samples forming a digital presentation of the electrical signal in which the

interference is suppressed.

Claim 16 (new): A method according to claim 15 further comprising the step of generating

information about the interference content in the samples and wherein the identification step

is further defined as identifying samples in the first sequence of samples on the basis of their

interference content.

Claim 17 (new): A method according to claim 16 wherein the generating step is further

defined as attaching a flag to each of the samples to indicate whether the sample is free of

interference or not.

Claim 18 (new): The method according to claim 16 wherein the identifying step is further

defined as identifying samples that are artifact free.

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Claim 19 (new): A method according to claim 15 further comprising the step of comparing the samples of the first sequence with a reference signal and wherein the identification step is performed based on the comparing step.

Claim 20 (new): A method according to claim 19 further comprising the step of forming the reference signal from the first sequence of samples by limiting a slew rate in the sequence.

Claim 21 (new): A method according to claim 19 wherein said reference signal comprises an external reference signal.

Claim 22 (new): A method according to claim 15 wherein the downsampling step is further defined as downsampling the identified samples.

Claim 23 (new): A method according to claim 17 wherein the downsampling is carried out using samples with a flag indicating that the corresponding sample is free of interference.

Claim 24 (new): The method according to claim 23 further defined as providing all samples of said first sequence of samples for downsampling.

Claim 25 (new): The method according to claim 16 further defined as providing the identified samples for downsampling to form said second sequence of samples.

Claim 26 (new): The method according to claim 15 wherein a frequency of downsampling is less than said first sampling frequency.

Claim 27 (new): A method according to claim 15 wherein the downsampling step includes low pass filtering of the first sequence of samples.

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Claim 28 (new): A method according to claim 15 further comprising the step of low pass filtering the second sequence of samples.

Claim 29 (new): A method according to claim 15 further comprising the step of suppressing power supply hum in the first sequence of samples by updating values of the samples according to the amount of power supply hum.

Claim 30 (new): A method according to claim 29 wherein the suppressing step includes the steps of:

estimating the power supply hum based on the first sequence of samples; and deducting the estimated power supply hum from the first sequence to update the values of the samples.

Claim 31 (new): A method according to claim 15 further defined as one for suppressing interference in an ECG electric signal.

10 Claim 32 (new): An apparatus for suppressing interference in an electrical signal, the method comprising the steps of:

sampling means for sampling the electrical signal at a first sampling frequency to obtain a first sequence of samples;

identification means for identifying some of the samples in the first sequence of samples on the basis of predetermined criteria; and

downsampling means operatively connected to said identification means for downsampling at least the identified samples of said first sequence to obtain a second sequence of samples from the identified samples of said first sequence and for forming a digital presentation of the electrical signal in which the interference is suppressed from said second sequence of signals. Appln. No. 10/724,347

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Claim 33 (new): An apparatus according to claim 32 wherein the identification means is

further defined as identifying samples in the first sequence of samples on the basis of their

interference content.

Claim 34 (new): An apparatus according to claim 33 wherein the identification means is

further defined as identifying samples that are artifact free.

Claim 35 (new): An apparatus according to claim 32 wherein said identification means

further comprises means for comparing the samples of the first sequence with a reference

signal so that the identification is based on the comparison.

Claim 36 (new): An apparatus according to claim 32 wherein the downsampling means is

further defined as downsampling the identified samples.

Claim 37 (new): An apparatus according to claim 32 wherein said downsampling means is

further defined as carrying out said downsampling at a frequency of downsampling that is

less than said first sampling frequency.

Claim 38 (new): An apparatus according to claim 32 further comprising:

means for estimating the power supply hum based on the first sequence of

samples; and

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means for updating the samples of the first sequence based on the estimated

amount of power supply hum.